NCR-SARE Farmer Rancher Sustainable Agriculture Grants
2020 Call for Proposals

Purpose: These grants are for farmers/ranchers to explore innovative sustainable agriculture solutions to production, marketing, labor, and other problems. Sustainable agriculture practices are tested through on-farm research, education, or demonstration projects and results are shared with other farmers/ranchers. The Farmer Rancher Grant call is released in August and proposals are due in December. Approximately $720,000 is available for this program. Grant recipients have 23 months to complete their projects.

TO SUBMIT A PROPOSAL: go to https://projects.sare.org/. The online submission system will open on August 7, 2019. Proposals must be received online or in the NCR-SARE office by mail or e-mail by 4:00 p.m. CST on December 5, 2019. Faxed proposals will NOT be reviewed. If you are unable to use the online system e-mail: ncrsare@umn.edu or mail proposals to:

NCR-SARE Farmer Rancher Grant Program
120 Biosystems & Ag Eng Bldg, University of Minnesota
1390 Eckles Ave, St Paul MN 55108

The online application has strict word limits. Prepare your proposal using a word processing program, edit each response to comply with the word limits, then copy and paste your proposal section by section into the online template, saving as you go. This call for proposals is available on the North Central SARE web site at www.northcentralsare.org. If you need a printed application, call 612-626-3113.

Checklist of Items Needed to Submit a 2020 Grant Proposal
☐ Proposal ☐ Letter of support ☐ Confirmation of Commitment from Teams/Groups
☐ Budget ☐ Letter from your financial institution (only if your project requires a loan)

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For more information on civil rights and equal opportunity policies and programs, visit the NIFA Equal Opportunity Office website at: https://nifa.usda.gov/civil-rights-equal-employment-opportunity
The SARE Program

The National Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education (SARE) Program

SARE’s Vision is an enduring American agriculture of the highest quality. This agriculture is profitable, protects the nation’s land and water and is a force for a rewarding way of life for farmers and ranchers whose quality products and operations sustain their communities and society. SARE’s Mission is to advance – to the whole of American agriculture – innovations that improve profitability, stewardship and quality of life by investing in groundbreaking research and education.

Origin & Funding: SARE was created in the Food, Agriculture, Conservation, and Trade Act of 1990 (1990 Farm Bill, Title 16, Subtitle B). It is funded through the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) National Institute of Food and Agriculture (NIFA). The SARE program works primarily through competitive grant programs administered by four regions: North Central, Northeast, South, and West.

The 12 states of North Central Region-SARE include: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin.

North Central Region-Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education (NCR-SARE)

NCR-SARE’s mission is to strengthen communities, increase farmer/rancher profitability, and improve the environment by supporting research and education.

NCR-SARE Farmer/Rancher Grant Program

WHAT: NCR-SARE allocated about $720,000 for the 2020 Farmer Rancher Grant Program. Projects must be completed in 23 months. Farmer Rancher Grants provide opportunities for farmers/ranchers to use Sustainable Agriculture practices and their own innovative ideas to solve problems on the farm or ranch, and to share their ideas with others. There are three types of competitive grants:

1. Individual grants ($9,000 maximum)
2. Team of Two grants for two farmers/ranchers from separate and distinct operations who are working together ($18,000 maximum)
3. Group grants for three or more farmers/ranchers from separate and distinct operations who are working together ($27,000 maximum).

Sustainable Agriculture is farming and ranching that is ecologically sound, profitable, and socially responsible. Sustainable Agriculture practices may include but are not limited to:

- Integrated Pest Management (IPM)
- Rotational Grazing (e.g. Management-intensive Grazing & Mob Grazing)
- Soil Erosion Control
- Soil Quality Improvement
- Water Quality Improvement/Wetlands
- Cover Crops
- Crop/Landscape Diversity
- Nutrient Management
- Agroforestry
- Value-Added & Direct Marketing
- Wildlife Preservation
- Beneficial Insects
- Poultry & Small-Scale Livestock Production
- Holistic/Systems Approaches to Farming & Ranching
- Organic Agriculture
- Proactive Weed Control (e.g. Interseeded cover crops, use of crop rotation, planting row crops in warm soils)
WHAT continued: Since the start of the Farmer Rancher Grant Program in 1992, over 1,200 grants have been awarded on topics such as alternative grain crops as animal feed, alternative uses for CRP land, biological weed & pest management, educating/mentoring the next generation of farmers/ranchers, energy alternatives & conservation, health and safety of employees, holistic management, labor issues, livestock & crop production systems, marketing, organic farming, quality of life issues, rotational grazing, soil conservation, waste management, water quality, water conservation, and more.

Farmer/Rancher Grants are for innovative sustainable agriculture research or demonstration /education projects; they are NOT for everyday farming expenses, other than those directly related to the grant project. For example, purchasing fencing or livestock to expand your herd would not be allowed. Fencing or livestock needed as part of a research project to explore how different cover crops work in rotational grazing would be allowed, but only for the land and animals involved in the research.

- Projects that involve whole farm systems and/or a youth component are encouraged.
- Projects involving industrial hemp must comply with applicable state and USDA regulations. See: [https://nifa.usda.gov/industrial-hemp](https://nifa.usda.gov/industrial-hemp)
- Livestock projects need to comply with reasonable animal care requirements to insure that animals are properly cared for. See the Livestock Care form on pages 20 - 22.

WHO & WHERE

Any farmer/rancher or team or group of farmers/ranchers who farm or operate a ranch in the North Central region may apply. A farmer/rancher is someone who raises crops or livestock, especially as a business. Non-Government Organizations (NGOs) should apply for Partnership Grants for projects working with farmers and ranchers. See: [http://www.northcentsare.org/Grants/Our-Grant-Programs/Partnership-Grant-Program](http://www.northcentsare.org/Grants/Our-Grant-Programs/Partnership-Grant-Program).

The North Central region consists of 12 states: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin. Applicants may be just beginning the transition to a more sustainable operation or may already be using sustainable practices and want to implement additional changes. (Grants to applicants under 21 need to be signed by a parent or guardian.)

For Team of Two projects, there must be two farmer/ rancher participants from separate and distinct operations. For Group projects, there must be at least three farmer/rancher participants from separate and distinct operations. If your situation is unique, please explain or contact NCR-SARE to discuss your options.

Teams and Groups must designate a farmer/rancher project coordinator who will submit and sign the proposal, be responsible for reporting, and assume tax liability associated with the grant, if there is any. Talk with a tax consultant if you have questions.

Grant recipients may participate in one Individual grant and one Team or Group grant annually. Previous farmer/rancher grant recipients are eligible to apply if reports from previous grant projects are up to date. Proposals from previous grant recipients will be evaluated on a competitive basis with all other proposals.

WHEN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Event Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>August, 2019:</strong></td>
<td>Farmer/Rancher grant call for proposals released</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>December 5, 2019:</strong></td>
<td>Farmer/Rancher grant proposals due</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Spring, 2020:</strong></td>
<td>Administrative Council recommends Farmer/Rancher grant recipients. Budgets are reviewed by University accountants for compliance with USDA guidelines and grant contracts are sent out. Approximate date of first payment of grant funds (50%) is between April 1 and May 1 (depends in part on how quickly grantees return a signed contract etc.).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>January 31, 2021:</strong></td>
<td>Progress report due. Grant recipients are eligible for a second grant payment (35%) once their progress report and budget is approved.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>January 31, 2022:</strong></td>
<td>Project end date and Deadline for submitting final report. All funds should be spent and grant project completed by this date. Grant recipients are eligible for a final payment (15%) once their final report is approved. Final payment is a reimbursement.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Proposal Requirements

1. Project Proposal (required)
2. Budget with Item description and Justification (required)
3. Letter of Support (1 is required but you may submit up to 2)
4. Confirmation of Commitment (required for Team and Group grants only)
5. Livestock Care Plan (required for projects involving livestock, see pages 20 - 22.)

1. Project Proposal – Fill in general information and answer all questions.
   - Limit answers to the word count provided. Mailed proposal should be printed single-sided.
   - Do not list personal websites. Listing informational websites is discouraged. It’s best to explain the concept in the proposal. To make the process fair to all applicants, reviewers will base evaluations only on information contained in the proposal.
   - Proposals that are typed should use a font no smaller than 12-point, similar to the text in this call for proposals. Handwritten proposals in dark ink are also acceptable if they are legible.

2. Budget - Along with the amount of each item, briefly explain how each item will be used in your project in the Budget Description and Justification. Review the BUDGET TIPS and EXAMPLE BUDGET on pgs 6 - 8.

3. Letter of Support - Applicants must submit one letter of support from a community member (not a family member) who explains why the project is needed and how it will benefit the community. You can submit an optional second letter. Do not submit more than two letters. Contact references early and make sure they are familiar with your project so they can write a strong letter. The letter should include information that will support the proposal. (For example, if the reference will help you with outreach, ask them to include that in the letter and provide specifics.) Support letters must include the contact information of the reference. Examples of people who might write a support letter include: Extension educator; banker, co-op or grocery manager, implement dealer, or staff from: farm organizations, Farm Service Agency (FSA), local soil and water conservation district offices, the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), non-profit organizations, or Resource Conservation & Development (RC&D).

4. Team or Group Confirmation of Commitment – For Team or Group online proposals, the team or group members will be sent an email asking them to confirm their participation. For hard copy applications, include a brief statement from each Team or Group member describing their role in the project.

5. Livestock Care Plan – Complete this form only if your project involves livestock (vertebrate animals such as cows, fish, pigs, sheep). Bees and other insects and shrimp are not considered livestock.

Characteristics of Successful Proposals

1. Clearly define a problem that can be addressed and evaluated within the time and financial limits of the project. (Don’t take on too much – these are small grants.)
2. Involve cooperators who assist with project planning, evaluation, and sharing project results. Cooperators may include Extension educators; staff of local, state, or regional non-profit groups, local conservation districts, and the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS); network coordinators; and soil consultants.
3. Measure project outcomes by documenting economic, social, and environmental benefits.
4. Emphasize outreach such as field days, publications, social media, videos, websites, and workshops.
5. Address reviewer concerns and explain revisions (for proposals that are being resubmitted).
 Proposal Evaluation

REVIEW PROCESS AND CRITERIA - All proposals are reviewed by a committee that includes farmer/rancher members of the NCR-SARE Administrative Council, as well as farmers/ranchers educators, and researchers from throughout the North Central region. Funding recommendations are based on how well proposals meet the following seven criteria.

1. Capacity for success. Tell reviewers how your background and experience will enable you to successfully complete the project. Include Team and Group members if applicable.

2. Clear objectives with specific and appropriate activities, materials, methods and timeline. Reviewers want to see a well thought out proposal with clear goals. They are looking for a thorough plan of work that includes the specific materials and methods you will use, and a timeline that is doable.

3. Effective plan for sharing project information. All projects must share their results with others. Reviewers like to see cooperation with other farmers/ranchers and with organizations through which information can be shared via workshops, field days, publications, written materials, etc. Projects can also be promoted by using social media such as Facebook or Twitter, a web page, radio, television, making a video, presenting a poster or giving a talk at a conference or other event. Be specific about the outreach efforts you are planning.

4. Best use of existing knowledge on the identified problem. Be sure to research and describe what work has already been done on this problem by other people and organizations, including previous SARE grant recipients. Show how you are building on previous work.

5. Effective plan to measure benefits and impacts. Reviewers want to know how and what you will measure to determine if there are environmental, economic, and/or social (family/community) benefits from your project.

6. Contribution to the growth of sustainable agriculture. Your project should build on and add to existing sustainable agriculture knowledge, and help farmers and ranchers in the North Central region produce positive environmental, economic, and social impacts.

7. Appropriateness of the budget. The grants must be used for project expenses only, not for startup costs or basic farming expenses, except those directly related to the project.

WHAT TO EXPECT - If your proposal is funded and you accept the grant, you agree to the following:

- Return signed contract to the NCR-SARE office.
- During the project, you may receive an on-site visit from NCR-SARE representatives.
- At the end of the project, on or before January 31, 2022, grant recipients must submit: 1) final report; 2) final budget showing how funds were spent.
- Concerning the budget, grant recipients: 1) will only be reimbursed for actual expenses incurred after the initial funding date; 2) must submit a final report and a final budget documenting the project expenditures before SARE will release final payment; 3) will have a 1099 form automatically filed with the IRS with each payment for tax reporting purposes; and 4) must retain receipts for project expenditures for a period of three years.
- Funds will be disbursed as follows: Grant recipients receive 50% of the grant to start their project. They receive an additional 35% after submitting a satisfactory progress report, and they receive the remaining 15% upon completion of the project. The final payment is a reimbursement.
**Budget Tips**

Grant reviewers pay close attention to the budget. Use accurate figures, rounded to the nearest dollar, and include a brief explanation of how each item listed in your budget relates to your project. Show your math. For example: Weighing produce for yield comparison. 6 hrs x $20/hr = $120.

- **Matching funds are not required.** Do not show a match. If outside funds are necessary to carry out your project, mention that you have outside resources so reviewers can evaluate your work plan, but don’t list the amount.

- **Personnel Costs.** Use this category for farmer/rancher labor and hired labor. In the budget description, include the name of each project participant and how they will contribute to the grant project. Provide an estimate of the amount of labor and the cost for each participant being paid with grant funds. Personnel costs can make up most, or all, of the budget but if they do, explain why so reviewers understand why personnel costs (and not supplies, outreach, etc.) are essential to carry out your project. Include everyone who will participate even if they will not receive grant funds. If the participants are not being paid with grant funds, include their name and role, and list $0 for the grant funds request.

- **Other Direct Costs.** Use for consultants and service providers. Also use this category for communications, photocopying, conferences-meetings-workshops, speaker/trainer fees, fee for service/stipends, equipment rental, land-use-charge, and fabrication of equipment.

- **Budget Amount.** Show the amount of grant funds you intend to spend on each item. Grant recipients are paid for actual project expenses.

- **50% Rule.** Grant funds can be used to pay for up to 50% of the cost of equipment (see Equipment for more details), livestock, permanent fencing materials, and perennial seeds and plants that are essential for completion of the project.

- **Equipment.** Equipment is defined as items that cost $5000 or more and have a useful life of greater than 1 year. If a project includes making or adapting equipment, all parts as well as labor for equipment construction are considered part of the equipment expenses.

- **Food and Drink Expenses.** Refreshments at field days or group meals for events are allowable if they maintain the continuity of the meeting (there must be programming before and after the meal). Breakfast meals are generally not allowable because no continuity of the meeting exists. Refreshments/meals should be included in the proposed budget under Other Direct Costs.

- **Unallowable Expenses.** Grant funds cannot be used for construction and remodeling of buildings, or to buy motorized vehicles, but these items may be leased or rented with grant funds, if they are needed for the project. Grant funds cannot be used for permanent installations (e.g. wells or buried irrigation lines).

- **Calculating Costs.** Use realistic cost estimates – not guesses. Make sure all expenses are project expenses. Grant funds are for research, demonstration, and education projects only, not day-to-day farming expenses or business startup. Labor, land, equipment, and supplies should be calculated on an annual cost-equivalent basis. (For example, operator labor per year at $20 per hour; $75/acre cash rent equivalent; $10/acre rental of tillage equipment, etc.). Costs vary widely across the North Central region. Use costs that are accurate for your area. If costs are high in your area, provide an explanation of this for reviewers. For travel in a passenger vehicle that you own, use a mileage rate of $.58 per mile; this mileage rate is intended to cover ownership and operating costs.

- **Investigate Cost-Sharing.** Many of the practices used in sustainable agriculture may be eligible for cost-sharing from other federal or state government agencies or local soil and water conservation districts, local businesses, private non-profit groups, etc. Please contact these agencies to check on the availability of funds that may be used to supplement your grant.

- **Other funding sources.** If you need startup funds check other options such as Slow Money at: https://slowmoney.org/ or the USDA Value Added Producer Grants at: http://www.rd.usda.gov/programs-services/value-added-producer-grants

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**Example: Weighing produce for yield comparison.** 6 hrs x $20/hr = $120.
The budget that follows shows examples of line items from different projects. Read the BUDGET TIPS and EXAMPLE BUDGET on pages 6-8 before you complete your budget. Choose the budget categories that apply to your project. Choose from the following categories:

- **Personnel:** Use for farmer/rancher labor and hired labor. List everyone who is participating in your project except consultants and service providers who should be listed under *Other Direct Costs.* Include a realistic estimate of the amount of labor and the cost for each participant being paid with grant funds. If participants are not being paid with grant funds, include them but enter $0 for the grant request.

- **Materials and Supplies:** Use for items you plan to purchase to carry out the project. Explain how they will be used to support the project.

- **Travel:** For travel costs, use a mileage rate of $0.58

- **Other Direct Costs:** Use for consultants and service providers, communications, photocopying, conferences/meetings/workshops, speaker/trainer fees, fees for service/stipends, equipment rental, land-use charges

- **Equipment, Permanent fencing, Perennial seeds and plants, or Livestock:** Grant funds can only be used for up to 50% of the cost of these items. Include the total cost of the item in the Details/Justification column but enter 50% or less of the total cost in the Amount column.

**Equipment definition:** an item that costs $5000 or more with a useful life of more than 1 year. If a project includes making or adapting equipment, all parts plus the labor for equipment construction are considered part of the equipment expenses.

**Item/description:** For each category list the items you want to purchase with grant funds along with a brief description of each item that explains why it is needed for the project. For Personnel, list the role each person plays in the project. For Equipment, permanent fence, perennial seeds and plants, or livestock, limit your request to 50% or less of the cost of the item. Include the total cost of the item in your budget justification.

Use the Details/Justification column to show how you came up with the proposed expenses (show your math). This is usually expressed as some per-unit cost times some number of units. Use rounded numbers. For example: 23 hrs. @ $20/hr. = $460, or 89 miles @ $.58/mile = $51.62, rounded to $52.00. Reviewers look for real-world budgets that match the activities in your proposal.

If you are not asking for the full amount of an item, include a note in the justification explaining that you are only asking for part of the cost.

**UNALLOWABLE EXPENSES:** Grant funds cannot be used for planning, construction, repair, or remodeling of buildings, or to buy motorized vehicles. These items may be leased or rented with grant funds, if they are needed for the project. Grant funds cannot be used for permanent installations (e.g. wells or buried irrigation lines).
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Budget Category</th>
<th>Item Description</th>
<th>Details/Justification</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personnel</td>
<td>Estelle Koski, Farmer and project coordinator. Set up blueberry trials, organize field day workshops for new growers.</td>
<td>42 hrs @ $20/hr = $840</td>
<td>840</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel</td>
<td>Ward Green, student and son. Help plant beneficial insect borders, scout for beneficial insects, photograph insects, input data into computer, prepare PowerPoint presentation.</td>
<td>45 hrs @ $10/hr = $450</td>
<td>450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel</td>
<td>Ruby Farmer, graduate student. Conduct surveys to determine public interest in new direct marketing techniques. Compile results.</td>
<td>53 hrs x $15/hr = $795</td>
<td>795</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Materials and Supplies</td>
<td>Flexible water pipe for portable solar-powered multi-species pasture watering system</td>
<td>200 feet of 1.25 inch flexible water pipe x .98 per foot = $196</td>
<td>196</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Materials and Supplies</td>
<td>Cover crop seed to prepare area for alternative grain crop planting</td>
<td>2 acres buckwheat seed x 70 lbs/acre x .73/lb = $102.20 rounded to $102</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Travel</td>
<td>Abe Lee, cooperating farmer. Travel to 3 farms in different parts of the region to learn holistic planning techniques</td>
<td>704 miles x .58/mile = $408.32 rounded to $408</td>
<td>384</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Travel</td>
<td>David Hay, farmer. Pick up Teff grass seed for pasture planting,</td>
<td>142 miles x .58/mile = $82.36 rounded to $82</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Direct Costs</td>
<td>John Adams, Green County Extension educator. Travel to assist with design of test plots and give field day presentation.</td>
<td>'Travel: 189 miles x $.545/mile = $103.01 rounded to $103</td>
<td>103</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Direct Costs</td>
<td>Lease 2 acres of land from neighbor to provide buffer for organic amaranth planting.</td>
<td>2 acres x $85 per acre = $170</td>
<td>170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Direct Costs</td>
<td>Lease of a no-till drill to plant wildflower seed including coneflower, goldenrod on 5 acres.</td>
<td>$9/acre out of county (minimum charge $125) = $125</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Direct Costs</td>
<td>Hire mechanic to adapt leaf vacuum to harvest small native wildflower seed.</td>
<td>30 hours x $20/hr = $600</td>
<td>600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Direct Costs</td>
<td>Print field day handouts and workshop posters</td>
<td>45 color binders of 20 pgs each @ $8.59/ binder = $386.55 plus 3 posters x $36.99 = $110.97 $387 + $111 = $498</td>
<td>498</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Direct Costs</td>
<td>Lunch for day-long field day workshop with speakers before lunch and tours after lunch.</td>
<td>45 participants x $11/ meal = $495</td>
<td>495</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment, Permanent fencing, Perennial seeds and plants, or Livestock</td>
<td>Woven wire fence to contain orchard hogs; permanent boundary fence needed since orchard is by highway</td>
<td>3 330-foot-rolls woven wire fence @ $179 each = $537 + 123 t-posts @ $5.22 each = $642 + 1 gate @ $150 = $1329 total cost x 50% = $664.50 rounded to $665</td>
<td>665</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment, Permanent fencing, Perennial seeds and plants, or Livestock</td>
<td>24 native shrubs (8 each): American plum, Rose mallow, False wild indigo for border to attract beneficial insects</td>
<td>24 shrubs x $25 per gallon pot = $600 + $35 shipping/handling = $635. Total Cost = $635 x 50% = $317.50 rounded to $318</td>
<td>318</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment, Permanent fencing, Perennial seeds and plants, or Livestock</td>
<td>50 chickens, Buff Orpington breed, females</td>
<td>50 chickens @ $2.92 ea = $146 + $23 shipping = $169. Total Cost of Item = $169 x 50% = $84.50 rounded to $85</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL**                                                                                                                                           | 5903  |
Help with Grant Writing and Information Sources

For assistance in preparing your proposal, contact your NCR-SARE State Coordinator (see the list on pg 10 or see: https://www.northcentralsare.org/Professional-Development/State-Coordinator-Contact-Info). You may also want to contact the NCR-SARE office, the national SARE office, ATTRA: a sister organization of SARE, your Extension office, Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), Resource Conservation and Development (RC&D), local soil and water conservation district, or local sustainable agriculture groups.

- Contact NCR-SARE for information on Farmer Rancher Grants and the SARE program:
  Joan Benjamin  
  NCR-SARE Associate Regional Coordinator  
  Lincoln University  
  900 Leslie Blvd, Room 101  
  Jefferson City, MO 65101

- Contact the National Sustainable Agriculture Research and Education (SARE) Outreach office for information on SARE publications and resources:
  Sean McGovern, Outreach Manager  
  SARE Outreach

- The National Sustainable Agriculture Information Service (ATTRA) was developed and is managed by the National Center for Appropriate Technology (NCAT). ATTRA has information on sustainable agricultural topics. If you contact ATTRA via e-mail, please describe your role in sustainable agriculture. By mail or fax, please include "ATTRA Information Request" near the top of the correspondence. (Preferred method of contact is telephone.)
  ATTRA- National Sustainable Agriculture Information Service  
  P.O. Box 3838  
  Butte, MT 59702

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For more information see: http://www.michaelfields.org/grant-advising-resources/.
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NCR-SARE Farmer Rancher Sustainable Agriculture Grants
2020 Proposal Form

Project Coordinator Information. On the following pages you will see the questions you will be asked on the Online Submission website. Read through this call for proposals, complete a draft proposal in a word processing document, edit it to meet the word limits, then cut and paste into the online system using the link: https://projects.sare.org/. For additional information about preparing a proposal, you can view a presentation at: http://www.northcentralsare.org/Grants/Write-a-Successful-Grant/Grant-Program-Presentations. If you are unable to use the online system, complete your proposal using a computer or typewriter, or print legibly in dark ink and mail to NCR-SARE. Do not exceed word limits. Extra words will be removed.

The first time you register in the SARE projects system you will be asked to provide demographic information. The North Central Region SARE program is committed to an ethic of openness, inclusiveness, and diversity in all of its programs, policies, and procedures. To monitor our performance in these areas, we collect demographic information from grant applicants. Demographic information is not linked to your proposal and is compiled in a separate database. Submission of this information is voluntary.

Your Race:
- American Indian or Native Alaskan
- Asian
- Black or African American
- Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander
- White
- More than one race
- Undetermined
- Prefer not to answer

Your Age:
- 18 and younger
- 19-25
- 26-34
- 35-50 years old
- 51 years or older
- Prefer not to answer

Your Sex:
- Female
- Male
- Prefer not to answer

Are you of Hispanic, Latino or Spanish origin?
- Yes
- No
- Prefer not to answer

Are you a military veteran?
- Yes
- No
- Prefer not to answer

Choose Your Topic. Select the Practices and Commodities categories that best represent your project. Select only those that are a primary focus of your project. This is for SARE use only and will not affect your proposal review.

PRACTICES
- Animal Production (includes aquaculture, grazing)
- Crop Production (includes agroforestry, beekeeping, pollination)
- Education & Training
- Energy
- Farm Business Management (includes marketing)
- Natural Resources/Environment
- Pest Management
- Production Systems (includes agroecosystems, aquaponics, holistic management, hydroponics, integrated crop and livestock systems, organic agriculture, permaculture, etc.)
- Soil Management
- Sustainable Communities

COMMODITIES
- This project is not commodity specific or doesn't apply to commodities
- Animals (includes bees, fish)
- Animal Products (includes honey)
- Additional Plants (herbs, native plants, ornamentals, trees)
- Other (Fill in the blank. Use for mushrooms, syrup, etc.)
Project Title: (This lets reviewers know what your project is about – be descriptive but not too wordy. Use words that are useful for finding your project in a website search. Use 150 characters or less.)

1. One Sentence Description of Project: (Provide a summary of your project in 160 characters or less. This tells reviewers what your project is about and may be used for publicity if your project is funded.)

Farmer/Rancher:
(This person serves as Project Coordinator. If funded, the grant contract will be in this person’s name.)
Farm Business Name:
Address:
City, State Zip Code:
County:
Phone:
E-Mail:

• Is the applicant a Farmer/Rancher? Yes_____ No_____ (You must be a farmer or rancher to apply. A farmer/rancher is someone who raises crops or livestock, especially as a business. Beginning farmers/ranchers are eligible to apply. Non-Government Organizations [NGOs] should apply for Partnership Grants for projects working with farmers and ranchers. For details see: http://www.northcentralsare.org/Grants/Our-Grant-Programs/Partnership-Grant-Program)

• Is this an Individual_________, Team of Two (2 farmers/ranchers)_______, or Group (3 or more farmers/ranchers)_______ Project? For Team and Group Grants, list the other member(s) of your team or group and their contact information.

• Project Duration. If funded, you have up to 23 months to complete your project.
  Proposed Start Date: __________ Proposed End Date: __________ (no later than January 31, 2022) Your budget must be approved before you can spend grant funds. This will likely be by March 1, 2020 but may be later. You can start your project before that date, but will not be able to use grant funds for expenses incurred before your budget is approved. (The Start and End Dates help reviewers evaluate the feasibility of your project.)

• Grant Funds Requested: $___________ (Do not exceed $9,000 for Individual grants, $18,000 for Team of Two grants, or $27,000 for Group grants. The amount should match your budget total.)

• Have you submitted this, or a similar proposal, to NCR-SARE before? Yes_____ No_____

• Have you previously received a SARE Farmer/Rancher Grant? Yes_____ No_____
  o If you received a SARE grant(s) in the past or have a current grant, list the project number(s) on a separate page along with a brief summary of your results or progress (for current projects). Use 100 words or less for each grant summary.
  o If the project was not completed, explain why not in the summary.

• Does this project involve livestock (vertebrate animals only)? Yes_____ No_____. If yes, fill out the Livestock Care form on pages 20 - 22.
2) PROJECT ABSTRACT (200 words). This is a short summary of your grant proposal. Clearly describe the problem and your innovative plan to solve it using sustainable agriculture practices. Note that Sustainable Agriculture practices are: 1. **Ecologically Sound** (promote stewardship of our nation’s land, air and water), 2. **Economically Viable** (provide profit over the long term); and 3. **Socially Responsible** (improve quality of life for farmers, ranchers and their communities).

3) DESCRIBE YOUR OPERATION (400 Words). Describe your farm/ranch and include the size of your operation, crops grown, etc. Briefly explain your background so reviewers know what qualifications you bring to the project. If you are submitting a Team of Two or Group proposal, provide names and a brief description of the farms/ranches of the other participants. (For Team of Two projects, both participants must be farmers or ranchers. For Group projects, at least three members of the group must be farmers or ranchers. Once the farmer/rancher requirement is met, feel free to add participants who are not farmers or ranchers.)

4) PROJECT OBJECTIVES (100 words). List your project objectives. These are the major things you plan to accomplish during the project by carrying out research or demonstration/education activities. Focus on the piece of the project you can reasonably complete during the 23 months of the grant. If major objectives will take longer than 23 months, include what you hope to accomplish short term (during the grant) and long term. Example objectives:
1. Evaluate the usefulness of 5 cover crops through field testing
2. Identify 3 cover crops for potential use in intensive vegetable production
3. Share findings through field days, website and social media, conference presentation
5) **ACTIVITIES AND TIMELINE** (300 words). Provide a detailed description of the research or demonstration/education activities you will carry out to complete your project. Include who is leading and participating in the activities. Include a timeline that shows what you plan to accomplish by month. For research, briefly describe the types of field, livestock, or other trials involved. For demonstration/education projects, briefly describe the demonstration and educational content. Provide details on the audience you plan to reach with educational programs, and how you will promote the programs. Include the Date, Project Activity, and Who Participates. See the example below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATE</th>
<th>PROJECT ACTIVITY</th>
<th>WHO PARTICIPATES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>January 2020</td>
<td>Pre-project planning meeting to choose vegetable crop varieties and cover crops, plan trial layout and outreach efforts.</td>
<td>Project coordinators: Jan Wiggins, Eliza Freeman, Edgar Holtzburger. Extension educator, Nadia Terrell. Neighboring farmers with cover crop experience.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May – August 2020</td>
<td>Plant 5 cover crops in trial plots to evaluate usefulness in vegetable plantings: Annual Ryegrass, Hairy Vetch, Buckwheat, Red Clover, Winter Rye. Evaluate weekly.</td>
<td>Edgar Holtzburger and daughter, Pauline Holtzburger</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6) **MATERIALS AND METHODS** (300 words)
Outline the steps or process involved in carrying out the project and the logic behind the choices you made. For example, for research projects, describe the types of field, livestock, or other trials involved and the locations. For projects involving test plots, list the size of the plots, how they are laid out, what you are planting, and why you made those choices. For demonstration/education projects, explain the teaching methods you will use (e.g. hands-on planting and harvest days, workshops or seminars and what the content will be). Also describe the teaching materials you will use (e.g. specific books, curricula, films, social media etc.). Please be specific and consider what other farmers and ranchers might learn from your experience.

**Optional drawing or image.** You may upload or attach one optional drawing or image to help illustrate your plot layout or another aspect of your project.
7) **OUTREACH: SHARING PROJECT INFORMATION** (300 words). All projects must include outreach. How will you share the results of your project with farmers and ranchers, educators, and others? However you share information (articles, conferences, field days, social media, website, etc.) provide details about when and where you will provide outreach, any educational materials you plan to produce, and the audience and numbers of people you hope to reach. Include Date, Outreach Activity, and Who Participates. See the example below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATE</th>
<th>OUTREACH ACTIVITY</th>
<th>WHO PARTICIPATES</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mid-May – August 2020</td>
<td>Document project progress on website &amp; social media. Take photos weekly and post them with descriptions on Freeman Farm website and Facebook page. Develop and post 2 YouTube videos on planting and working with cover crops.</td>
<td>Eliza Freeman and son, Terrance Freeman</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early-August 2020</td>
<td>Develop and distribute field day flier.</td>
<td>Pauline Holtzburger, farmer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Late August 2020</td>
<td>Hold field days at each of the 3 participating farms. Give participants pre- and post-test surveys about cover crops.</td>
<td>Project coordinators: Jan Wiggins, Eliza Freeman, Edgar Holtzburger. Extension educator, Nadia Terrell. Expect 20 or more farmers at each field day.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 2020</td>
<td>Give workshop at Your Sustainable Farm/Ranch Conference in Fleming, Kansas</td>
<td>Speakers: Jan Wiggins, farmer with Nadia Terrell of Extension. Expect 35 to 50 farmers and educators at session.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8) **PREVIOUS RESEARCH REVIEW** (600 words/ 1 page). Briefly summarize research that has been done on this topic by others – include SARE and non-SARE research in your review. Focus on how you will build on this research and what makes your project innovative and different from what has already been done. See the resources listed on pages 9 and 10 of this Call for Proposals for help finding previous work done on your topic. For example:

- Review reports from previous SARE grants (see [www.sare.org](http://www.sare.org) and click on the Project Reports tab at the top of the page).
- Contact ATTRA, the National Sustainable Agriculture Information Service, to speak to an Ag Expert about work done on your topic. Call 1-800-346-9140 or see: [https://attra.ncat.org](https://attra.ncat.org)
- Search the Internet for previous solutions to the problem you are trying to solve.

9) **MEASURING BENEFITS AND IMPACTS**

**PART A.** SARE grants are intended to increase knowledge of sustainable agricultural systems that enhance
environmental quality, sustain profitability and improve quality of life. From the following list, **choose one or more of the benefits/impacts you expect your project will provide, and that you intend to measure.** List your choice in Part B then complete that section. Be realistic and do not take on too much. These are small grants. You will be asked to report on these benefits and impacts in your project reports.

To see lists of specific indicators that can be measured under the benefits listed below, go to: https://projects.sare.org/benefits-and-impacts/ The example lists are not all-inclusive. This information will be used to categorize projects and aggregate project results.

**Economic Sustainability**
- Improved Income or Profitability
- Improved Market Opportunities
- Increased Business/Enterprise Opportunities
- Increased Employment & Labor Opportunities

**Environmental Sustainability**
- Improved Soil Quality/Health
- Improved Water Quality
- Improved Landscape Diversity/Ecological Services

**Production and Production Efficiency**
- Improved Crop Production and/or Production Efficiency
- Improved Livestock Production and/or Production Efficiency

**Social Sustainability**
- Improved Agriculture and Food System Infrastructure
- Improved Food Accessibility
- Improved Quality of Life

**PART B** (300 words/½ page). Reviewers need to know the project will have valid, measurable results. Describe how and what you will measure to determine the environmental, economic, and/or social (family/community) benefits of your project for others. Example benefits: increased use of more sustainable farming practices, yield changes, increased income, increased crop or landscape diversity, environmental or lifestyle improvements, changes in knowledge, awareness, skills, and attitudes. Most likely, your project will focus on one aspect of sustainability, and that is what you should measure. For example, if you are experimenting with cover crops, your main focus may be environmental (preventing erosion) and you can measure soil loss with a soil erosion measurement stick. If you have an education project, you may measure learning by using pre- and post-test surveys.

Documenting the results of your project may involve recordkeeping, taking photos, measuring results with simple surveys, etc.

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Benefits</th>
<th>What will be measured</th>
<th>How you will measure benefits</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Improved Soil Quality/Health</td>
<td>Soil loss (erosion)</td>
<td>Using a soil erosion measurement stick to compare soil loss before and after using cover crops</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improved Soil Quality/Health</td>
<td>Increase in knowledge and intention to use cover crops by farmers who attend field day workshops</td>
<td>Pre- and post-test surveys</td>
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10) CONTRIBUTION TO SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE (300 words/ 1/2 page). Explain how your project will make a meaningful contribution to sustainable agriculture. Summarize how your approach or solution will affect other farmers/ranchers in your community and the North central region economically, ecologically, and socially. Address all three areas even if your project focuses mostly on one aspect of sustainability.

For example:

- Describe how your solution provides an economically viable approach that will work for other farmers and ranchers (reduces costs, increases product value and/or quality, turns waste products into salable products, opens the door to new marketing angles or audiences, etc.)
- Tell reviewers how your solution provides environmental benefits for other farmers/ranchers who try your approach (reduces or eliminates use of pesticides and/or fertilizer, reduces soil loss, improves soil health, improves water quality, etc.)
- Explain how your solution benefits farm/ranch families and the community (Provides: jobs, local food, training. Reduces labor, stress, etc.)
BUDGET
Read the BUDGET TIPS and EXAMPLE BUDGET on pages 6-8 before you complete your budget. Choose the budget categories that apply to your project. Choose from the following categories:

- **Personnel:** Use for farmer/rancher labor and hired labor. List everyone who is participating in your project except consultants and service providers who should be listed under Other Direct Costs. Include a realistic estimate of the amount of labor and the cost for each participant being paid with grant funds. If participants are not being paid with grant funds, include them but enter $0 for the grant request.

- **Materials and Supplies:** Use for items you plan to purchase to carry out the project. Explain how they will be used to support the project.

- **Travel:** For travel costs, use a mileage rate of $0.58

- **Other Direct Costs:** Use for consultants and service providers, communications, photocopying, conferences/meetings/workshops, speaker/trainer fees, fees for service/stipends, equipment rental, land-use charges

- **Equipment, Permanent fencing, Perennial seeds and plants, or Livestock:** Grant funds can only be used for up to 50% of the cost of these items. Include the total cost of the item in the Details/Justification column but enter 50% or less of the total cost in the Amount column.

**Equipment definition:** an item that costs $5000 or more with a useful life of more than 1 year. If a project includes making or adapting equipment, all parts plus the labor for equipment construction are considered part of the equipment expenses.

**Item/description:** For each category list the items you want to purchase with grant funds along with a brief description of each item that explains why it is needed for the project. For Personnel, list the role each person plays in the project. For Equipment, permanent fence, perennial seeds and plants, or livestock, limit your request to 50% or less of the cost of the item. Include the total cost of the item in your budget justification.

Use the Details/Justification column to show how you came up with the proposed expenses (show your math). This is usually expressed as some per-unit cost times some number of units. Use rounded numbers. For example: 23 hrs. @ $20/hr. = $460, or 89 miles @ $.58/mile = $51.62, rounded to $52.00. Reviewers look for real-world budgets that match the activities in your proposal.

If you are not asking for the full amount of an item, include a note in the justification explaining that you are only asking for part of the cost.

**UNALLOWABLE EXPENSES:** Grant funds cannot be used for planning, construction, repair, or remodeling of buildings, or to buy motorized vehicles. These items may be leased or rented with grant funds, if they are needed for the project. Grant funds cannot be used for permanent installations (e.g. wells or buried irrigation lines).

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<th>Budget Category</th>
<th>Item Description</th>
<th>Details/Justification</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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ATTACHMENTS

**Letter of Support** - Applicants **must** submit one letter of support from a community member (not a family member) who explains why the project is needed and how it will benefit the community. You can submit an optional second letter. Do not submit more than two letters. Contact references early and make sure they are familiar with your project so they can write a strong letter. The letter should include information that will support the proposal. (For example, if the reference will help you with outreach, ask them to include that in the letter and provide specifics.) Support letters must include the contact information of the reference. Examples of people who might write a support letter include: Extension educator; banker, co-op or grocery manager, implement dealer, or staff from: farm organizations, Farm Service Agency (FSA), local soil and water conservation district offices, the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), non-profit organizations, or Resource Conservation & Development (RC&D).

**Team or Group Confirmation of Commitment** – For Team or Group proposals, the team or group members will be sent an email asking them to confirm their participation. For hard copy applications, include contact information and a brief statement from each Team or Group member describing their role in the project.

**Livestock Care Plan** – Complete this form only if your project involves livestock (vertebrate animals such as cows, fish, pigs, sheep). Bees and other insects and shrimp are not considered livestock.
Livestock Care Plan

If your proposal involves livestock (vertebrate animals such as cows, sheep, poultry, fish, etc.), fill out this form and return it with your grant proposal. Use as much space as needed.

Please note these questions are written relative to the most common animals used in these projects. If you will use a less common species (fish for example), answer the question relative to your species. For example, for question #5, stocking density for fish would be number of fish per tank, pond, etc.

It is possible that some of the questions in this section might not apply to your particular project. If that is the case, simply record “not applicable” or “NA” as your response. However, we expect to see specific responses to all of these questions for most, if not all, of the projects submitted to NCR-SARE.

1) Please indicate what kind of animals will be involved in your project.

2) Please indicate how many of each animal will be involved in your project.

3) Please indicate the source (name and location) from which you plan to obtain animals for your project. If you already own the animals and they are already at the project site, where did you obtain them and how long have you had them?

4) Will you be using money from NCR-SARE to purchase animals?

5) What is stocking density (space per animal)? Please provide a response for all forms of housing (pens, feedlots, pastures, etc.) that will be used in this project.
6) Describe the housing or shelter available for the animals in normal and inclement weather.

7) How is the housing/shelter cleaned? How often?

8) Describe how feed and water is provided, how often it is provided, and how often the feed and water containers are checked and cleaned.

9) Describe how the nutritional needs of the animals in this project will be met.

10) Describe the vaccination program and the routine procedures used to minimize disease and manage parasites. Include what the animals are vaccinated against and provide common names of the products that are used. Include a description of routine worming or parasite management.

11) What procedures will the animals undergo during course of this project? Will these procedures induce or potentially induce distress or pain in the animal and if so, how will you manage or minimize the potential for pain and distress?
12) Please indicate if other individuals will participate in handling and or caring for the animals in this project. If other individuals will be involved, please describe their expertise with animal care. If individuals need to be trained to perform the procedures described in this project, please indicate how they will be trained to do the procedures properly.

13) At the end of the project--what happens to animals? Please indicate if they will remain at the project site, be sold, or be slaughtered.

14) If animals are transported off-site, please describe how they will be transported.

15) If animals are slaughtered, please indicate if this will occur at a commercial licensed slaughter facility. If it is not done at a commercial licensed slaughter facility, describe where and how slaughter will be conducted.

16) Please indicate if the animals or products from these animals will be used as food for humans and if so, confirm that withdrawal times for medications will be followed before allowing the animals or products from the animals to enter the food chain.

17) Identify the veterinarian (name, address, and contact information) who will provide routine and emergency care of the animals used in this project.